## **CITY OF SALEM FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

## Through Q2 / FY 2015-16

Financial summaries through the second quarter of each year complement development of both the five-year forecast for the General Fund and the upcoming fiscal budget for all City funds. The data used in this summary document provides information used to trend year-end revenues and expenditures and calculate beginning working capital for FY 2017. Comparisons in this document are based on data through Q2 for all years.

## **GENERAL FUND**

#### At \$56M, property tax

receipts are 5 percent greater than the same period last fiscal year. Gains in current year taxes offset lowered receipts for prior year collections.

**Beginning working capital** for the fund is **\$24.9M**, a \$3.9 million increase over the prior year. More than \$4 million of the total is derived from legislated PERS rate relief, which was overturned by the Oregon Supreme Court in April 2015.

The category of "all other revenues" at \$3.1M includes reimbursements from other agencies, grants, rents, and fines. The subset of rents includes parking meter, carpool, and space rental at the Civic Center and Pringle garages. Parking revenues are added to the "Watch" list noted below.

Working Capital
Expenditures vs Revenues
Expenditures vs Budget
Property Tax Revenues
Fines and Penalties



Performance at a Glance



Fees, licenses, and permits are

increase over the prior year with

related fees are driving the year-

experiencing a 14 percent

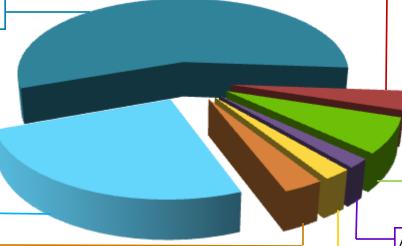
to-year gains.

\$2.2M in revenue. Planning-

Franchise Fee Revenues State Shared Revenues Parking Revenues

## RESOURCES—Through Q2 FY 2016

Revenues from **franchise fees** are the second largest external funding source for the General Fund. Fees from the water / sewer utilities and solid waste haulers account for the 6.5 percent year-over-year increase for the period. Receipts equal **\$3.75M**.



revenue for the fund includes the indirect cost allocation plan—payment from other funds for HR, IT, Legal, Finance, and Purchasing services. Total of all internal charges plus transfers is \$6.9M for the period.

**Internal charge** 

At **\$1.8M**, current receipts for **state shared revenues** lag due to the timing of payments. Receipts in FY 2016 are expected to exceed FY 2015 by about 2 percent.

What the Ratings Mean

**POSITIVE** (green) – Current revenues and City Council-adopted use of reserves sufficient to support the current level of service. Fund working capital is stable over a 3-year forecast. No significant negative issues are identified.

**WATCH (yellow)** – Various stressors that may cause current revenues to be flat or decline and impact the fund's capacity to support the current level of service. Factors exist that may contribute to the instability of the fund working capital over the next year.

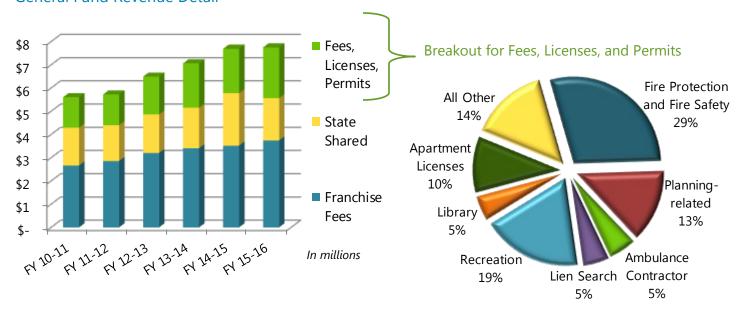
#### GENERAL FUND—RESOURCES THROUGH Q2 FY 2016

BY THE NUMBERS

Year-to-Year	Fiscal Year 2014-15			Fiscal Year 2015-16			Difference
Comparison	Budget	Actual	% YTD	Budget	Actual	% YTD	FY to FY
<b>Beginning Working Capital</b>	19,564,780	20,997,247	7%	21,976,470	24,940,155	13%	3,942,908
Dropout, Toyor	F7 01F 410	F2 221 227	<b>C</b> 0/	CO 121 2FO	FC 010 204	70/	2 (00 1(7
Property Taxes	57,015,410	53,331,227	-6%	60,121,350	56,019,394	-7%	2,688,167
Franchise Fees	15,620,450	3,518,519	-77%	16,882,800	3,746,240	-78%	227,721
Internal Charges	12,386,730	5,948,586	-52%	14,364,120	6,899,854	-52%	951,268
State Shared Revenues	4,724,940	2,263,494	-52%	4,988,840	1,819,249	-64%	(444,246)
Fees, Licenses, Permits	3,839,620	1,908,630	-50%	3,590,090	2,180,623	-39%	271,992
Grants, Other Agencies	2,408,560	1,197,694	-50%	2,432,330	1,008,297	-59%	(189,397)
Rents	1,093,310	494,805	-55%	1,708,980	538,826	-68%	44,021
Fines & Penalties	2,613,630	1,253,414	-52%	2,585,500	1,350,637	-48%	97,223
Other Misc. Revenue	446,570	184,825	-59%	423,150	216,133	-49%	31,308
<b>Current Operating Revenues</b>	100,149,220	70,101,194	-30%	107,097,160	73,779,252	-31%	3,678,058
Non Operating or One-Time*	7,829,500	990	-100%	5,636,950	408	-100%	(582)
*includes URA short-term loans and parking loan proceeds in both years.							
Total Resources	127,543,500	91,099,431	-29%	134,710,580	98,719,815	-27%	7,620,384

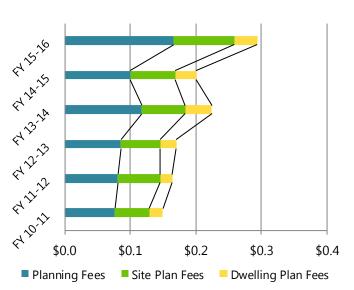
The year-to-year gain in total resources is largely due to two factors—a \$3.9 million dollar increase in working capital and gains of \$2.69 million in property tax receipts. The almost \$1 million increase in internal charges is primarily the result of moving Parks Operations back to the General Fund from the Transportation Services Fund and the corresponding transfer of gas tax revenues to support street tree and right-of-way maintenance. The increase in resources is offset with the full cost of Parks Operations in the fund. Lowered receipts for state shared revenues and grants relate to the timing of payments. In the category of "Rents," which is parking focused, the slight year-to-year increase has placed this revenue type on the "Watch" list. Discounted consultant estimates for additional revenue derived from new parking meter technology in the Capitol Mall area are not being realized after two months of operation. This revenue type will be carefully monitored over the next few months. If revenues are not realized as anticipated, year-end estimates for FY 2016 will need to be lowered, as well as estimates for the upcoming fiscal year.

#### General Fund Revenue Detail

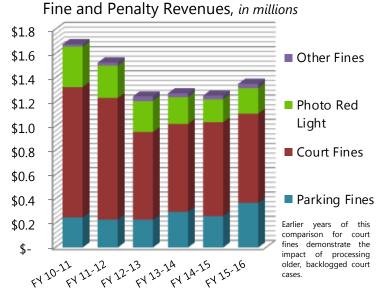


#### GENERAL FUND—RESOURCES Through Q2 FY 2016

Development-Related Fee Revenues, in millions



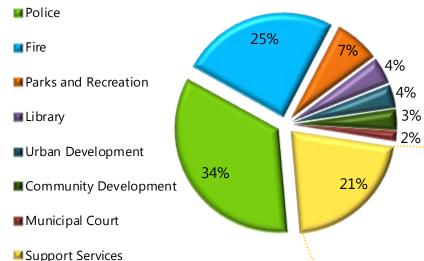
Year-over-year gains for planning fees, at 65.5 percent, demonstrate the impact of increased demand and rate increases to achieve progress on the stakeholder-agreed 50 percent cost recovery for planning services. Through Q2, site plan fee and dwelling plan fee revenues have increased by 36.4 percent and 6.7 percent, respectively.



While court fine receipts are down by almost 5 percent as compared to last year, gains in parking and photo red light fines support an overall 7.8 percent increase for this revenue category. The year-to-year increase in parking fines is 42.5 percent resulting from increased fine rates and improved enforcement.

## GENERAL FUND—EXPENDITURES Through Q2 FY 2016

Year-to-date total of \$52.2M within an expenditure budget of \$122.67M

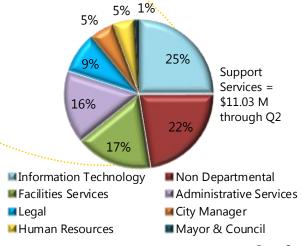


The 21 percent of General Fund costs assigned to "Support Services" is detailed in the adjacent chart. Current costs for Information Technology services equal 25 percent of the \$11.03 million total. At \$2.47 million, Non Departmental expenses share 22 percent of the total and include costs associated with the installation of new parking meter technology, liability insurance for all General Fund departments, plus the costs associated with planning for a new police facility and creating a strategic communications plan for the City. Through the period, a total of \$3.77 million has been reimbursed to the fund as revenue from other City funds that benefit from the services listed at right.

#### By the Numbers

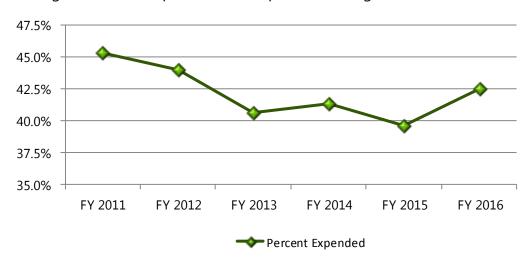
Total General Fund expenses through the second period equal \$52.2 million and represent expenditure of the FY 2016 budget at 42.6 percent. Of the \$52.2 million expense, \$40.9 (or 78.3 percent) is personal services costs. The relatively low percentage of expended budget is partly due to position vacancies, PERS savings derived from lower-than-budgeted charge rates, and health 3% benefit rate increases in December 2015 less than budgeted.

In addition, more than \$5.07 million is budgeted—and unspent—for short term URA loans and \$2.45 million remains in contingency, which also contributes to year-to-date expenditure savings.



### GENERAL FUND—EXPENDITURES Through Q2 FY 2016

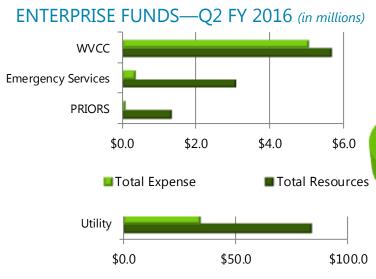
Budget to Actual Expenditure Comparison through December 31

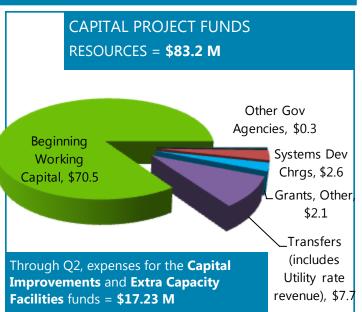


The graph at left is a six-year comparison representing the percentage expended of the General Fund budget by December 31 each fiscal year.

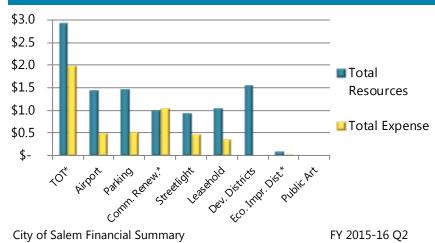
Over the six years, FY 2015 expenses, as a percent of budget, were the lowest through the second quarter. At 42.6 percent expended, the current fiscal year is approaching an expenditure percentage more aligned with the earlier years of the comparison.

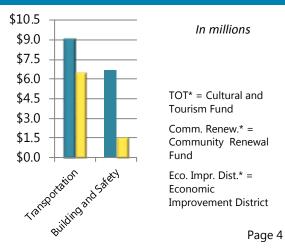
# FINANCIAL SNAPSHOT by FUND TYPE Other City Funds



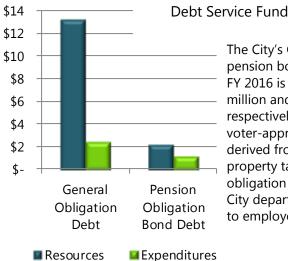


## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS—Q2 FY 2016

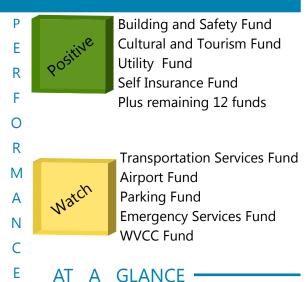




## FINANCIAL SNAPSHOT by FUND TYPE—Other City Funds, continued



The City's GO bond debt and pension bond debt expense for FY 2016 is budgeted at \$11.25 million and \$4.53 million, respectively. Revenues to pay voter-approved GO bonds are derived from the levy of property taxes. Pension obligation bonds are paid by City departments proportionate to employee payroll expense.



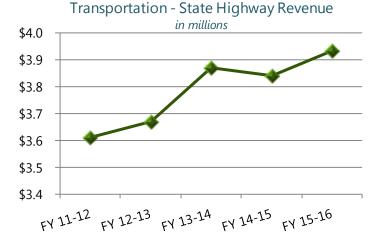
### OTHER CITY FUNDS—RESOURCES and EXPENDITURES Through Q2 FY 2016

Cultural and Tourism Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and BWC—6 Year Comparison through Q2 (in millions)



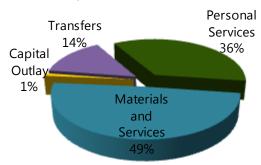
Expenditures in the Cultural and Tourism Fund exceed transient occupancy tax receipts in FY 2016, which is typical for the mid-point in the fiscal year. Current fiscal year expenses are 17 percent greater than the prior year and represent 49.2 percent of budget.

Actual tax receipts through December 31 represent only five months of activity as lodging establishments transmit taxes in August for July activity. This creates a one-month lag until the end of the fiscal year when June receipts represent two months of activity. Through Q2, tax receipts in FY 2016 are 21.8 percent greater than the same period last year. Receipts in October 2015, representing September 2015 activity, were 65.6 percent greater than the prior year.



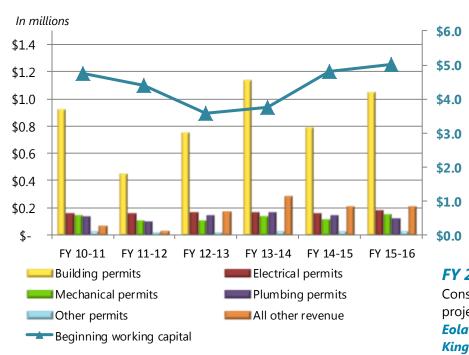
State highway revenues received in the Transportation Services Fund through December 31 are 2 percent more than the same period last fiscal year. Spanning the five year comparison period, receipts in FY 2016 are 8.9 percent greater than FY 2012. Total resources in the fund through the period equal \$9.01 million with expenditures of \$6.4 million.

# Transportation Services Fund Expenditures FY 2016 Q2

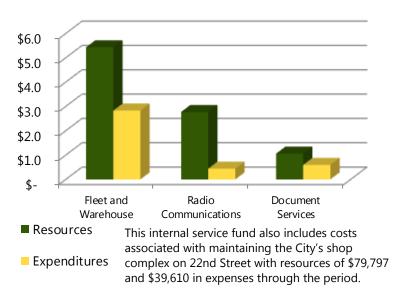


#### OTHER CITY FUNDS—RESOURCES and EXPENDITURES Through Q2 FY 2016

#### Building and Safety Fund—5 Year Comparison of Resources

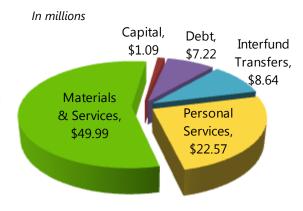


City Services Fund Through Q2 FY 2016 (in millions)



#### OTHER CITY FUNDS—EXPENDITURES Q2 FY 2016

Total expenditures for all other City funds—excluding the General Fund—equal \$89.5 million through Q2. This level of spending represents approximately 26.7 percent of budgeted expense for the fiscal year.



Growth in working capital for the Building and Safety Fund is attributable to the combination of a fairly consistent "base" of permit activity over the past few years, significant permit / project activity in FY 2014, and declining or flat expenditures during FY 2012 and FY 2013. Current year expenditures exceed the prior fiscal year for the period by 19 percent and represent 40.6 percent of budget at the mid-point in the fiscal year.

The department utilizes a variety of performance measurements and data to gauge activity and needed staffing levels. Staffing has been consistent for several years.

#### FY 2016 Q2 Construction Highlights

Construction was completed on the following projects:

#### Eola Drive NW Pavement Rehabilitation: Kingwood Drive NW to Edgewater Street NW

This Streets and Bridges Bond savings project rehabilitated the sidewalks and street pavement on Eola Drive NW through a combination of pavement grinding, pavement overlays, and road reconstruction. The project also added sidewalk on the easterly side of the street, replaced fiber optic traffic signal interconnect and added bike lanes.

#### **Skyline Road S Corridor Improvements**

This Streets and Bridges Bond-funded project widened Skyline Road to minor arterial street standards with a center turn lane, proper travel lane widths, bicycle lanes, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, storm drains and street lights between Kuebler Boulevard S and Liberty Road S. The project will improve safety for pedestrians, bicyclists, and motorists.

# Trelstad Avenue SE to Turner Road SE Waterline Project

This project installed approximately 7,300 feet of new 18-inch diameter water main and was funded with a combination of water rates and water system development charge funds. Combined with the Mill Creek Reservoir, completed in 2014, the Trelstad waterline improvements will provide increased water distribution capacity to support development and attract businesses and industry to the Mill Creek Corporate Center and Salem Renewable Energy Park.