Si necesita ayuda para comprender esta informacion, por favor llame 503-588-6173

DECISION OF THE HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION

HISTORIC DESIGN REVIEW CASE NO.: HIS17-40MOD1

APPLICATION NO.: 18-101841-DR

NOTICE OF DECISION DATE: FEBRUARY 16, 2018

SUMMARY: A proposal to modify a previous historic design review approval (HIS17-40) to renovate the facade of the Anderson Building (1900).

REQUEST: Major Historic Design Review of a proposal to modify a previous historic design review approval (HIS17-40) to renovate the facade of the Anderson Building (1900), a historic contributing building in Salem's Downtown Historic District, zoned CB (Central Business District), and located at 201-211 Commercial Street NE (aka 255/265 Court Street NE); 97301; Marion County Assessor's Map and Tax Lot number: 073W22DC-09000.

APPLICANT: Leonard Lodder and Gene Bolante, Studio 3 Architecture Inc.

LOCATION: 201-211 Commercial Street NE

CRITERIA: Salem Revised Code (SRC) Chapter 230.040

FINDINGS: The findings are in the attached Decision dated February 16, 2018.

DECISION: The Historic Landmarks Commission:

- APPROVED the proposal to change the location and swing of the door along Court Street, and installation of the new window opening at the rear of the building for Historic Design Review Case No. HIS17-40MOD1.
- 2. **DENIED** the installation of the metal siding at the rear of the Anderson Building for Historic Design Review Case No. HIS17-40MOD1.

VOTE:

Yes 5 No 2 (Hendrie, Sund) Absent 2 (Larson, Timbrook) Abstain 0

Historic Landmarks Commission

This Decision becomes effective on <u>March 6, 2018</u>. No work associated with this Decision shall start prior to this date unless expressly authorized by a separate permit, land use decision, or provision of the Salem Revised Code (SRC).

HIS17-40MOD1 Decision February 16, 2018 Page 2

The rights granted by the attached decision must be exercised, or an extension granted, by **March 6, 2020** or this approval shall be null and void.

Application Deemed Complete:

Public Hearing Date:

Notice of Decision Mailing Date:

Decision Effective Date:

State Mandate Date:

January 23, 2018

February 15, 2018

March 6, 2018

May 23, 2018

Case Manager: Kimberli Fitzgerald, kfitzgerald@cityofsalem.net; 503.540.2397

This decision is final unless written appeal from an aggrieved party is filed with the City of Salem Planning Division, Room 305, 555 Liberty Street SE, Salem OR 97301, no later than 5:00 p.m., Monday, March 5, 2018.

Any person who presented evidence or testimony at the hearing may appeal the decision. The notice of appeal must contain the information required by SRC 300.1020 and must state where the decision failed to conform to the provisions of the applicable code section, SRC Chapter 230. The appeal must be filed in duplicate with the City of Salem Planning Division. The appeal fee must be paid at the time of filing. If the appeal is untimely and/or lacks the proper fee, the appeal will be rejected. The Hearings Officer will review the appeal at a public hearing. After the hearing, the Hearings Officer may amend, rescind, or affirm the action, or refer the matter to staff for additional information.

The complete case file, including findings, conclusions and conditions of approval, if any, is available for review at the Planning Division office, Room 305, City Hall, 555 Liberty Street SE, during regular business hours.

http://www.cityofsalem.net/planning

\\allcity\amanda\amandatestforms\4431Type2-3NoticeOfDecision.doc

Si necesita ayuda para comprender esta informacion, por favor llame 503-588-6173

DECISION OF THE SALEM HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION

CASE NO. Historic Review Case No. HIS17-40MOD1 / AMANDA No. 18-101841-DR

FINDINGS: Based upon the application materials, the facts and findings in the Staff Report incorporated herein by reference, and testimony provided at the Public Hearing of February 15, 2018, the Historic Landmarks Commission (HLC) finds that the applicant adequately demonstrated that their proposal complies with the applicable provisions of the Salem Revised Code (SRC) 230.040 as follows:

230.040Standards for Historic Contributing Buildings in Commercial Historic Districts

FINDINGS

230.040 Standards for Contributing Buildings and Structures in Commercial Districts.

- **(d) Storefronts.** Replacement of storefronts or components of storefronts in contributing buildings is allowed.
- (1) Materials.
- (A) Original material shall, if possible, be retained or repaired.

Finding: The HLC finds that the applicant is proposing to change the location and swing of one door. This door is located within the storefront modification approved under HIS17-40, where a finding was made that there were no original materials that remained from the original storefront, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(d)(1)(A) is not applicable to the evaluation of this proposal.

(B) Replacement materials shall be, to the greatest extent practicable, of the same type, quality, design, size, finish, proportions, and configuration of the original materials in the storefront.

Finding: The HLC finds that the applicant is not proposing to alter the proposed materials of the approved door, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(d)(1)(B) is not applicable to the evaluation of this proposal.

- (2) Design.
- (A) To the extent practicable, original storefront components such as windows, door configuration, transoms, signage, and decorative features shall be preserved.

Finding: The HLC finds that the existing storefront is not original to the structure, and there are no original components which can be preserved, therefore the HLC finds that 240.040(d)(2)(A) does not apply to the evaluation of this proposal.

- (B) Where the original storefront is too deteriorated to save, the commercial character of the building shall be retained through:
- (i) A restoration of the storefront based on historical research and physical evidence.

Finding: The HLC finds that the applicant proposes to remove the existing storefront system, which is not original to the structure. The applicant is not proposing to restore the storefront based upon historic research, therefore staff the HLC finds that 240.040(d)(2)(B)(i) does not apply to the evaluation of this proposal.

(ii) Contemporary design that is compatible with the scale, design, materials, color and texture of historic compatible buildings in the district.

Finding: The HLC finds that the applicant has received approval to install a new storefront system comprised of metal and glass. The proposed location of one of the approved egress doors along Court needed to be relocated and the door swing reversed to accommodate an internal design change. The HLC finds that the proposed new storefront is a contemporary design that is compatible with the scale, design and materials of other commercial resources within the District, and that 230.040(d)(2)(B)(ii) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

(C) For buildings that provide a separate upper-story entrance on the exterior façade, the street-level entrance should be the primary focus of the building façade.

Finding: The HLC finds that the street level entrances on both Commercial Street NE and Court Street NE are the primary focus of these facades, while being compatible in design with the Anderson Building, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(d)(2)(C) has been met.

WINDOW AND SIDING INSTALLATION

230.040 (f) Alterations and Additions. Additions to, or alterations of, the historic contributing building may be made to accommodate uses other than the originally intended purpose.

- (1) Materials. Materials for alterations or additions shall:
- (A) Building materials shall be of traditional dimensions.

Finding:

<u>Rear Façade - New Window</u>: The HLC finds that aluminum is a common material for windows during the period of significance for the district, and the proposed new window will have similar dimensions to the storefront windows found throughout the building. The HLC finds that SRC 230.040(f)(1)(A) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

Rear Façade Siding: The HLC finds that metal is not a common material for siding during the period of significance for the district and it is not currently a siding material that was originally used on the building. The original exterior cladding material is brick, which in this particular location has been parged, or covered with a thin layer of stucco or concrete, most likely to protect the brick from the weather and water intrusion. The HLC finds that 230.040(f)(1)(A) has not been met for this portion of the proposal.

(B) Material shall be of the same type, quality and finish as original material in the building.

Finding:

<u>Rear Façade - New Window</u>: The HLC finds that aluminum is a common material for windows during the period of significance for the district, and the proposed new window will be a similar type and quality of the windows found throughout the building. The HLC finds that SRC 230.040(f)(1)(B) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

Rear Façade Siding: The HLC finds that metal is not a siding material that was originally used on the building in this location and that 230.040(f)(1)(B) has not been met for this portion of the proposal.

(C) New masonry added to a building shall, to the greatest degree possible, match the color, texture and bonding pattern of the original masonry.

Finding: The HLC finds that the applicant is not proposing to add new masonry to the building as part of this proposal, therefore this standard is not applicable to the evaluation of this proposal.

(D) For those areas where original material must be disturbed, original material shall be retained to the maximum extent possible.

Finding:

Rear Façade - New Window: The HLC finds that original brick will be retained around the proposed new window opening, located at the rear of the building. Staff recommends the HLC find that SRC 230.040(f)(1)(D) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

Rear Façade Siding: The HLC finds that the proposed new metal siding will be attached to an insulated metal frame attached to the exterior of the parged brick façade. This proposal is intended to help retain the original brick to the maximum extent possible, and prevent further water intrusion. However, any moisture currently within this masonry wall would be trapped within the brick, behind the metal siding, and potentially result in further deterioration of the 1867 brick wall, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(1)(D) has not been met for this portion of the proposal.

230.040 (f)(2) Design. Alterations or additions shall:

(A) Additions shall be located at the rear, or on an inconspicuous side, of the building.

Finding:

Rear Façade - New Window: The HLC finds that the proposed new window opening will be located at the rear of the building and that SRC 230.040(f)(2)(A) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

<u>Rear Façade Siding</u>: The HLC finds that the proposed new metal siding will be located at the rear of the building, and that 230.040(f)(2)(A) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

(B) Be designed and constructed to minimize changes to the building. Finding:

Rear Façade - New Window: The HLC finds that the proposed new window opening will be located at the rear of the building, not easily visible from the right of way. At 4' x 4' in size and in the proposed location, the HLC finds that it has been designed to minimize changes to the building, thereby meeting SRC 230.040(f)(2)(B) for this portion of the proposal.

<u>Rear Façade Siding</u>: The HLC finds that the proposed new metal siding will be located at the rear of the building, and that it will be minimally visible from the right of way. While it is a change to the building, it is limited to the upper portion of the rear façade, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(B) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

(C) Be limited in size and scale such that a harmonious relationship is created in relationship to the original building.

Finding:

Rear Façade - New Window: The HLC finds that the applicant is proposing to create a new window opening, which is limited in size and scale, and compatible with the existing resource thereby meeting SRC 230.040(f)(2)(C) for this portion of the proposal.

<u>Rear Façade Siding</u>: The HLC finds that the proposed new metal siding will be located at the rear of the building, and it will be minimally visible from the right of way. While it is a change to the resource, it is limited in size and scale with relationship to the original building. The HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(C) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

(D) Be designed and constructed in a manner that significant historical, architectural or cultural features of the building are not obscured, damaged, or destroyed.

Finding:

<u>Rear Façade - New Window</u>: The HLC finds that the applicant is proposing to create a new window opening, which is limited in size and scale with the existing resource. No significant historical features will be obscured or destroyed through installation of this new opening, therefore the HLC finds that SRC 230.040(f)(2)(D) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

Rear Façade Siding: The HLC finds that the applicant's proposal to install metal siding on the exterior of the rear facade could potentially result in adversely affecting the 1867 brick underneath, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(D) has not been met for this portion of the proposal.

(E) Be designed to be compatible with the size, scale, material, and character of the building, and the district generally.

Finding:

<u>Rear Façade - New Window</u>: The HLC finds that the applicant is proposing to create a new window opening, which is limited in size and scale with the existing resource and the district generally. The HLC finds that SRC 230.040(f)(2)(E) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

<u>Rear Façade Siding</u>: The HLC finds that the proposed metal siding is not a typical siding material for either the Downtown Historic District, or this resource, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(E) has not been met for this portion of the proposal.

(F) Not destroy or adversely impact existing distinctive materials, features, finishes and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that are part of the building.

Finding:

<u>Rear Façade - New Window</u>: The HLC finds that the applicant's proposed new window opening will not adversely impact any distinctive materials or features of the building, therefore the HLC finds that SRC 230.040(f)(2)(F) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

Rear Façade Siding: The HLC finds that the applicant's proposal to install metal siding on the exterior of the rear facade could potentially result in adversely affecting the 1867 brick over time by trapping moisture within the masonry wall, resulting in deterioration and further destabilization of the wall, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(F) has not been met for this portion of the proposal.

(G) Be constructed with the least possible loss of historic materials

Finding:

Rear Façade - New Window: The HLC finds that the applicant's proposed new window opening will result in a minimal loss of materials at the rear of the building, therefore the HLC finds that SRC 230.040(f)(2)(G) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

Rear Façade Siding: The HLC finds that the proposed metal siding could potentially result in the long term deterioration of this historic brick, which will be retained underneath the metal siding, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(G) has not been met for this portion of the proposal.

(H) Not create a false sense of historical development by including features that would appear to have been part of the building during the period of significance but whose existence is not supported by historical evidence.

Finding: The HLC finds that the applicant's proposed window and metal siding at the rear of the building are clearly new, and will not create a false sense of history, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(H) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

(I) Be designed in a manner that makes it clear what is original to the building and what is new.

Finding: The HLC finds that the applicant's proposed new window and new metal siding is clearly new, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(I) has been met for this proposal.

(J) Be designed to reflect, but not replicate, the architectural styles of the period of significance.

Finding:

Rear Façade - New Window: The HLC finds that the proposed design of the new window reflects the style of the period of significance within the district, therefore the HLC finds that SRC 230.040(f)(2)(J) has been met for this portion of the proposal.

<u>Rear Façade Siding</u>: The HLC finds that the proposed metal siding was not a common exterior siding material for commercial structures within the period of significance for the Downtown Commercial District therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(J) has not been met for this portion of the proposal.

(K) Preserve features of the building that has occurred over time and has attained significance in its own right.

Finding: The HLC finds that the applicant is not proposing to alter features of the building that have acquired significance over time, therefore the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(K) is not applicable to the evaluation of this proposal.

(L) Preserve distinguishing original qualities of the building and its site.

Finding: The HLC finds that the applicant is proposing to install metal cladding on the rear of the building, and this alteration could further damage the integrity of the 1867 era brick. As noted by the Oregon SHPO, addition of the sheet metal is an inappropriate addition that does not meet the Secretary of the Interior's Standards. Specifically, there is concern about trapping moisture behind the sheet metal which could further deteriorate the masonry (see Attachment D). Therefore, the HLC finds that 230.040(f)(2)(L) has been not been met for this portion of the proposal.

(M) Not increase the height of a building to more than four stories.

Finding: The HLC finds that the applicant is not proposing to increase the height of the building, therefore the HLC finds that this standard is not applicable to the evaluation of this proposal.

DECISION: The Historic Landmarks Commission:

- APPROVED the proposal to change the location and swing of the door along Court Street, and installation of the new window opening at the rear of the building for Historic Design Review Case No. HIS17-40MOD1.
- 2. **DENIED** the installation of the metal siding at the rear of the Anderson Building for Historic Design Review Case No. HIS17-40MOD1.

VOTE: Yes 5 No 2 (Hendrie, Sund) Absent 2 (Larson, Timbrook) Abstain 0

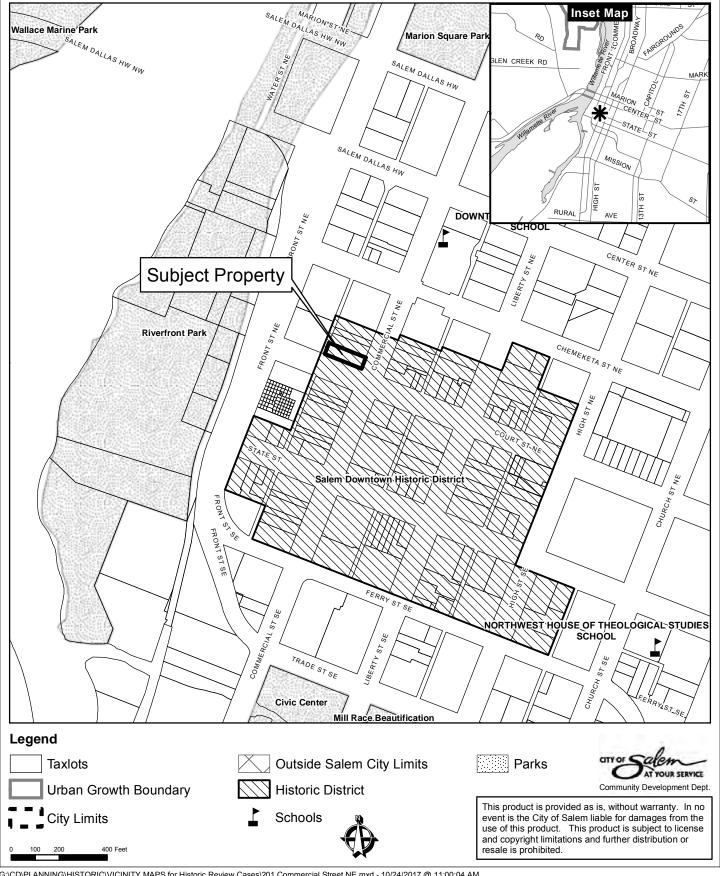
Attachments: A. Vicinity Map

- B. Excerpt from National Register Historic Resource Document
- C. Applicant's Submittal Materials
- D. Comments from Joy Sears, Oregon State Historic Office

Prepared by Kimberli Fitzgerald, Historic Preservation Officer

G:\CD\PLANNING\HISTORIC\DECISIONS\2018\HIS17-40MOD 1 201-211 Commercial NE. Dec.doc

Vicinity Map 201 Commercial Street NE



NPS Form 10-900a Approval No. 10024-0018

United States Department of the Interior **National Park Service**

National Register of Historic Places

Continuation Sheet

Section number: 7 Salem Downtown Historic District

201 - 211 Commercial NE

Classification: Historic Contributing Historic Name: Anderson Building

Current Name(s):

Nopp's Jewelry & Art/Antique Village

Year of Construction: c.1900

Legal Description:

073W22DC08900 and 9000. Salem Addition, from Lot 4, Block 49

Owner(s):

Mark Gehlar, Trustee 774 Cascade Drive, NW

POB 5245

Salem, Oregon 97304

Description: This is a two-story Commercial style building at the corner of Commercial and Court streets. Originally this site was a part of the Starkey McCulley Block (see 223-233 Commercial St NE), and it appears that the existing building was constructed c.1900. The east-facing facade presents a two-bay ground floor and a four-bay second story. Second-story tripartite windows retain the wood mullions between a center fixed panel flanked by single hung windows with aluminum sash. The ground-floor facade has large aluminum-framed plate glass windows and aluminum-framed double-hung, swinging glass doors. The entrance to the corner store has been remodeled with brick veneer and an angled storefront. The storefront windows along the south elevation consist of large windows with thin bands of tile at the bottom and tile covered columns between the glass, and appears to date from the 1960s. A standing seam metal awning is on the south elevation covering a series of shops that face Court Street.

The primary decorative features of the building include a wide cornice, an ornamental concrete band below the second floor windows, and a parapet. Although changes to the storefronts have altered the first floor appearance, the building retains a majority of its historic fabric and it contributes to the character of the downtown district.

History and Significance: The Anderson Building contributes to the sense of historic past in the Salem commercial district because the building's second-story fenestration and exterior sheathing are little changed since the turn of the century and because of its association with prominent early Salem businessman, William R. Anderson. William R. Anderson bought this lot on the northwest corner of Commercial and Court streets in 1867. In the 1880s, a two-story building divided into two shops fronting on Commercial Street, and known as "McCully's Block," stood on this site. By the late 1880s, the Sanborn Company fire insurance map of Salem indicates the building had been renamed the "Starkey Block." Except for a one-story rear addition on the northern portion of the building added in the early 1890s, and a one-story addition on the rear (west) wall of the Court Street section portion, it appears that the main two-story Commercial Street portion of this building may date from the 1870s or early 1880s and not 1898, as the Marion County Assessor's Office has recorded. The building may have undergone substantial modernization of the exterior facade in the late 1890s, however.

In 1873 the Salem business directory listed Anderson as being in the business of renting "drays and hacks," and horses for hire.²¹ William E. Anderson, born in Salem around 1885, owned and operated a

¹⁹ Marion County deed book, vol. 9, pg. 107.

²⁰ "Salem, Oregon," New York: Sanborn Company, 1884, 1888, 1890, 1895, updated to 1914, 1926.

²¹ John Mortimer Murphy, compiler, *Oregon Business Directory and State Gazetteer*, Portland, Oreg.: S.J. McCormick, Publisher, 1873, 273.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places

Continuation Sheet

Section number: 7 Salem Downtown Historic District

sporting goods store for many years, Anderson's, on the west side of Commercial Street next to the turreted Capital National Bank Building (Globe Travel in the late 1900s).

Max H. Gehlar and his wife, Martha Schnuelle Gehlar, bought this property in 1958. Their children, Mark and Mack G. Gehlar, eventually acquired the property in the 1960s.²²

²² Marion County deeds, vol. 571, p. 174 and vol. 733, p. 643; *History of the Bench and Bar of Oregon*, Portland, Oreg.: Historical Publishing Company, 1910, 138; *Statesman-Journal*, March 24, 1981, B2.

Case No. HIS17-40 Revision

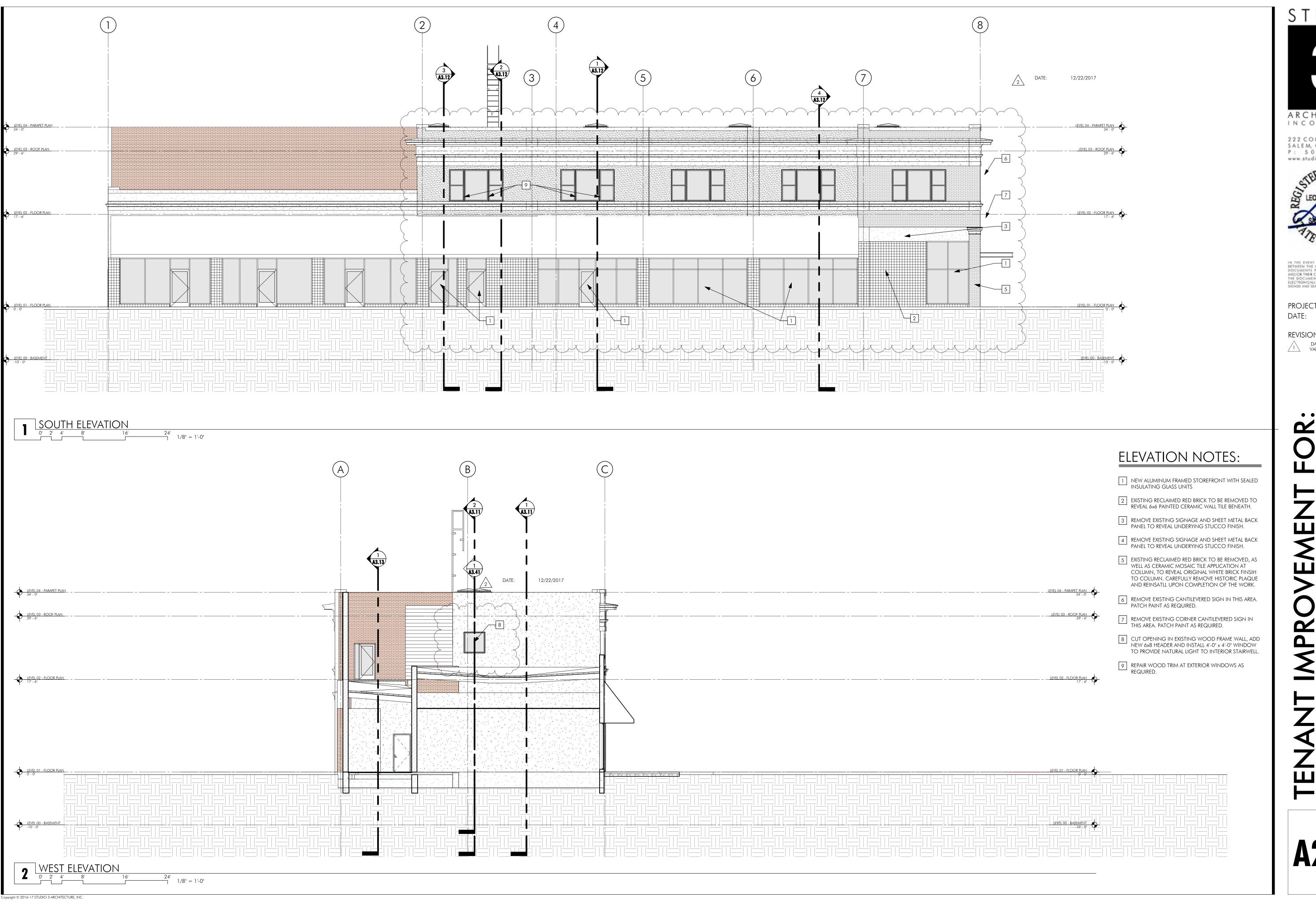
Historic Alteration Review - General Resource Worksheet

Site Address: 201-211 Commercial St NE and 275-285 Court Street NE Resource Status: X Contributing □Individual Landmark □ Non-Contributing Type of Work Activity Proposed Major X Minor Replacement, Alteration, Restoration or Addition of New Construction: Architectural Feature: Landscape Feature: □ Deck □ Fence □ Addition X Door □ New Accessory Structure □ Retaining wall Other Site feature □ Sign □ Exterior Trim □ Porch □ Streetscape □ Awning □ Roof X Masonry/Siding X Storefront X Window(s) Number of windows: 1 to be added. Other architectural feature (describe) X YES X NO Will the proposed alteration be visible from any public right-of-way? Project's Existing Material: Brick/Alum/Metal/Stucco/Cement Parge coat Project's New Material: The same, although we wish to cover the deteriorating cement parge coat at the interior. west elevation. Project Description Briefly provide an overview of the type of work proposed. Describe how it meets the applicable design criteria in SRC Chapter 230. Please attach any additional information (i.e., product specification sheets) that will help Staff and the HLC clearly understand the proposed work: In addition to previously approved work, documented in HIS17-40, the following work is being contemplated: Necessary repairs to existing 2nd floor windows. Essentially we may need to replace some of the exterior trim pieces and if push comes to shove, we may need to rebuild a couple sills which may have deteriorated. The West elevation now shows a 4'-0" x 4'-0" window which occurs over the stair landing. The idea would be to set it low enough so that it would be about 12" above the existing roof over the tenant spaces at 255-265 Court Street. Visually this window could probably only be seen from a narrow slice of vision from the park, but would not be visible from anywhere along Court Street. The South Elevation now shows a slight variation in the placement of one door into the 201 Commercial Space, as well as reversing the swing on the door into 275 Court Street. The final item concerns the second floor wall facing east above 211 Commercial Street. Our drawing shows that it is brick, however

City of Salem Permit Application Center ● 555 Liberty Street SE / Room 320 ● Salem, OR 97301 ● (503) 588-6213

Signature of Applicant

most of this wall is covered with a deteriorating layer of cement parging or stucco. We have discovered that the wall has over time deteriorated and no longer resists weather. Other parts of this wall, as well as the adjacent wall on the SKEF building have been clad in a bright red vertical metal siding to make them weather proof and we would like to continue that over this small area.



STUDIO ARCHITECTURE INCORPORATED

222 COMMERCIAL ST. NE SALEM, OR 97301-3410 P: 503.390.650C www.studio3architecture.com



IN THE EVENT CONFLICTS ARE DISCOVERED BETWEEN THE ORIGINAL SIGNED AND SEALED DOCUMENTS PREPARED BY THE ARCHITECTS AND/OR THEIR CONSULTANTS, AND ANY COPY OF THE DOCUMENTS TRANSMITTED BY MAIL, FAX. ELECTRONICALLY OR OTHERWISE, THE ORIGINAL SIGNED AND SEALED DOCUMENTS SHALL GOVERN

PROJECT # 2017-086 09/07/2017

REVISIONS DATE: 12/01/2017 VARIOUS, STOREFRONT, ETC.

SHEET:



From: Kimberli Fitzgerald [mailto:KFitzgerald@cityofsalem.net]

Sent: Tuesday, January 16, 2018 4:15 PM

To: Leonard Lodder < <u>Leonard@studio3architecture.com</u>>

Subject: Initial Completeness Review: HIS17-40MOD1; 201-211 Commercial St NE

Hi Leonard;

We have a number of items that we still need in order to deem the application complete.

- 1. Window Condition Assessment. For each of the windows where repair; replacement is requiredplease complete the attached window condition assessment- If there is a plan sheet associated
 with each window; be sure to key it to that as well as the narrative addressing the applicable
 review criteria. [Leonard Lodder] we are looking to do rather minimal repairs which would best
 be characterized as deferred maintenance on these windows. I reviewed the windows again this
 morning and noticed that all of the windows on the south side of the building show evidence of
 some level of deterioration. Our interest is simply to repair the most obvious such as 1x4 trim
 boards which have warped and or rotted as well as sash repair that has shown up during
 remodel work. We have noticed that some of the sills are in bad shape. Eventually we may need
 to schedule repair and or replacement work, but probably outside the opportunity of the
 current project. You suggested we need not respond further to this issue.
- 2. Proposed new window. Please provide a spec sheet (measurements and materials) for the proposed new window, as well as how it will be trimmed once installed. Be sure to include an associated key to the plan sheet and narrative that addresses the applicable review criteria. [Leonard Lodder] I've attached a view from the Revit Model as well as a picture to illustrate this point. The primary purpose for the window is to introduce natural light to the entry stair. The window itself is a 4'-0" square aluminum framed window. Square to avoid it being visible from the west.
- 3. <u>Doors</u>. Please provide a more comprehensive detailed summary of the changes to the approved door location(s) and how they will be installed. In particular please provide photos of the doors, and also confirm the elements that have not changed (i.e. material); as well as the elements that have changed and how they meet the applicable review criteria. *[Leonard Lodder]* Both doors were part of the original approval. This change simply involves the following two items. The Entry door and sidelight to 275 Court Street is mirrored in order to avoid conflict with and an existing interior doorway on the inside. The second involves moving a new door to the storefront bay to the west in order to work out with possible tenant needs.
- 4. Proposed new siding. Please provide a narrative and photographic condition assessment of the original material in this location (i.e. is there brick extant underneath the stucco parging?). Additionally please provide specifics (i.e. length; width; height) of the new siding; as well as the proposed attachment method of the vertical metal siding. Within the narrative, please address how the proposed new material and design meets the applicable review criteria. [Leonard Lodder] This is the one I would really like you to take a look at. The contractor is telling me that it's possible to make minor brick repairs to the wall on the inside, but that the exterior especially has taken a beating from the weather. It faces west. Somewhere along the way the wall was covered with a parge coat which is failing. The mortar joints are relatively loose. They are concerned that making it weather proof in any way will involve re-building the wall. We don't think there is a budget for that, but would like to preserve it on the interior, while protecting the exterior from the weather. Ideally flat metal over furred out metal framing with rigid insulation would reduce thermal expansion and contraction and keep it dry.
- 5. A <u>narrative statement</u> describing how the proposal meets the applicable review criteria: The criteria 230.040(d) Storefronts as well as 230.040(f) Alterations and Additions.

Please provide these items by 5:00pm on <u>January 23, 2018</u>. If you need additional time, please let me know as soon as possible.

Thanks, Kimberli

Kimberli Fitzgerald, AICP

Historic Preservation Officer, Cultural Resources Planner Community Development Department City of Salem 555 Liberty Street SE, Room 305 Salem OR 97301-3503 Phone: (503) 540-2397 kfitzgerald@cityofsalem.net



From: Leonard Lodder < <u>Leonard@studio3architecture.com</u>>

Sent: Wednesday, January 24, 2018 8:26 PM

To: Kimberli Fitzgerald **Subject:** 275 Court Street

Hello Kimberli

I've attached an illustration from SMACNA that shows the type of protection we would like to put on the exposed parts of the west wall of the upper part of 211 Commercial, at the original wall line. The wall goes back to 1867 has had a lot of weathering. You probably noticed the loose brick in several locations.

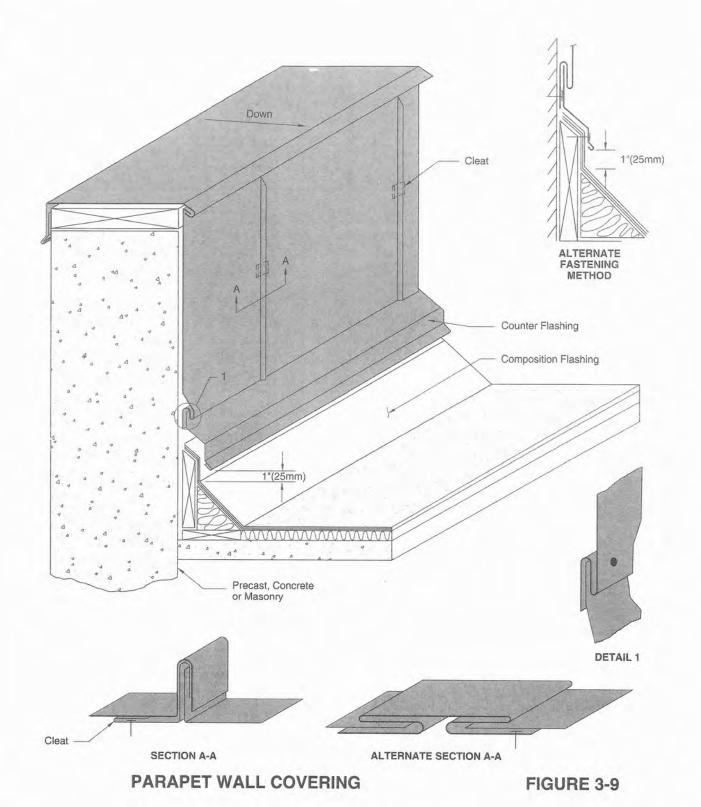
Leonard Lodder, AIA, LEED AP

Studio 3 Architecture, Inc. 222 Commercial St. NE Salem, OR 97301-3410 P: 503,390,6500

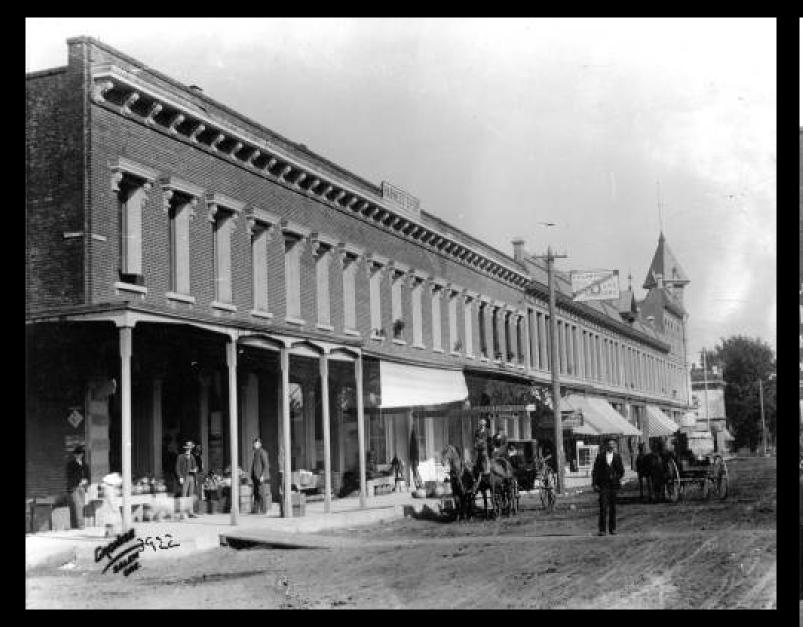
C: 503.949.3301

E: <u>leonard@studio3architecture.com</u>









Starkey/McCully Block in 1887

Originally built in 1867. The west side of Commercial Street between Court & Chemeketa in downtown Salem, Oregon. The buildings are all two-story and of brick, with bracketing under the roofline. Edward S. Lamport has the harness and sadlery; Edward C. Small's Oregon Clothing House is at the left of the utility pole and Charles W. Hellenbrand has a restaurant to the right of it. At the far end of the block is a three-story building with a square tower. At the next corner is a two-story building which became the site of the Star Exchange in later years. A horse-drawn carriage is pulled up in front of one of the shops and produce is displayed on the boardwalk in front of the ones on the left. Striped awnings extend over the walk, and wooden planks create a "sidewalk" to get across the street on. Several of the second floor windows appear to have plants in them.



Starkey/McCully Block in 1945

This is a photograph of part of the west side of Commercial Street N. between Court and Chemeketa streets in downtown Salem, Oregon. It was known as the Starkey-McCully Building, and was at 223-233 Commercial NE. The block was reportedly built in 1867 and is believed to be the oldest building in the area. It is of brick masonry with cast iron decoration from the Oregon Iron Works in Portland. Originally it housed several businesses on the main floor, and a hotel on the second. At the time of the photo it housed the Coast to Coast store, which was only there very briefly, and the Army & Navy clothing store. In later years the second floor windows of the left section were boarded up.



CLIENT:

201 COMMERCIAL STREET NE LLC

LOCATION: 201 COMMERCIAL STREET NE SALEM, OREGON

PHOTOGRAPHY: UNKNOWN



Court and Commercial looking North-East

This photo of the Fourth of July parade in Salem, Oregon, (1892) was taken looking northeast from the corner of Court and Commercial streets. The only building in the block seen which still (2006) has a tower is Greenbaum's Quilted Forest at the far end. The photo was taken from the window of the old Cronise Studio (now the Busick Building). In the leading carriage rode the dignitaries who would deliver the address and conduct the program at Marion Square Park (on the river) and the young woman who would read the Declaration of Independence. Next came the Goddess of Liberty riding in a chariot. That year she was Gussie Steiwer. The streets were still dirt, and the people standing in front of the stores would have been on boardwalks. Planks also extended across the streets at intersections for the pedestrians to walk on. Several one- and two-horse carriages are seen. The store on the left corner had a large sign painted on it advertising their groceries.



Big Celebration Will Mark Opening of Fine **New Quarters Friday**

ever been held by the Western With this picked and trained force o Supply company. Fred Mills at your service, the Western Auto

rvice department where a com-stely equipped shop is maintained symbolize their policy.

Congratulations WESTERN

face, which reflects the experience of the thousands of customers of the The usual low price that prevail big company. With one hand out- at Western Auto will be materially stretched to render service, the other reduced during the first seven days in his pocket to suggest saving, to- that the store is opened. A sale will gether with his broad smile, he be held and the opportunity will stands portraying the policy of his be given every motorist of San that of "Saving and Ser- Pedro to secure at low prices the a Smile." Saving Sam is said to be particu- Many automobile owners will anlarly happy this week, as the West- ticipate their needs for several orn Auto Supply company is hold- months ahead and cash in on this ing their formal opening of their chance to save on every article they new store tomorrow night at 201 N. buy.

Anderson Building Reconstruction 1927

Newspaper coverage in the Daily Capital Journal Thursday October 6, 1927 (page 8) describing the opening celebration for the reconstructed Anderson Building. Many of the features of the building are recognizable today. The Canopy no longer exists and the clerestory windows above the canopy are also gone. Looking down the Court Street facade, it appears that the ground floor windows with sills at approximately 8 feet above the sidewalk, repeat the same cadence of the second floor windows. The reconstructed building has a new 2nd floor structure at 17'-6" above the ground floor, while the original was at 15'-4", a portion of which is still extent at 211 Commercial.



Commercial looking North-West:

Court and Commercial looking North-East:

People line the streets to watch the July 4 parade in 1894. The horse-drawn "floats" are coming down Court Street, turning on to Commercial Street in Salem, Oregon. People have come by horse and buggy and in large carts. Some of the onlookers have climbed out of second story windows and perch on the sidewalk overhangs. Several women are carrying umbrellas to keep out of the sun.



Newspaper article in the Daily Capital Journal Monday Dec 30, 1912 indicating damage to south wall of the Anderson Building. This must have been the old storefront from the original Starkey/ McCully Block, since the current storefront was constructed in 1927.

tterson & Co. in the "Starkey" block ass of ruins, and the adjoining grostreet, across the alley in the the building filled with smoke. Mr.

as out followed by the hose wagon.

outhwest corner of the main storeeing a skylight in the room adjoining e rear end of the main building two et more water onto the flames from een steamed up since the organization

ready to return to the house.

gether with the dense smoke the been taken to the penitentiary. hat portion of the stock escaped the reform school but they failed to qual

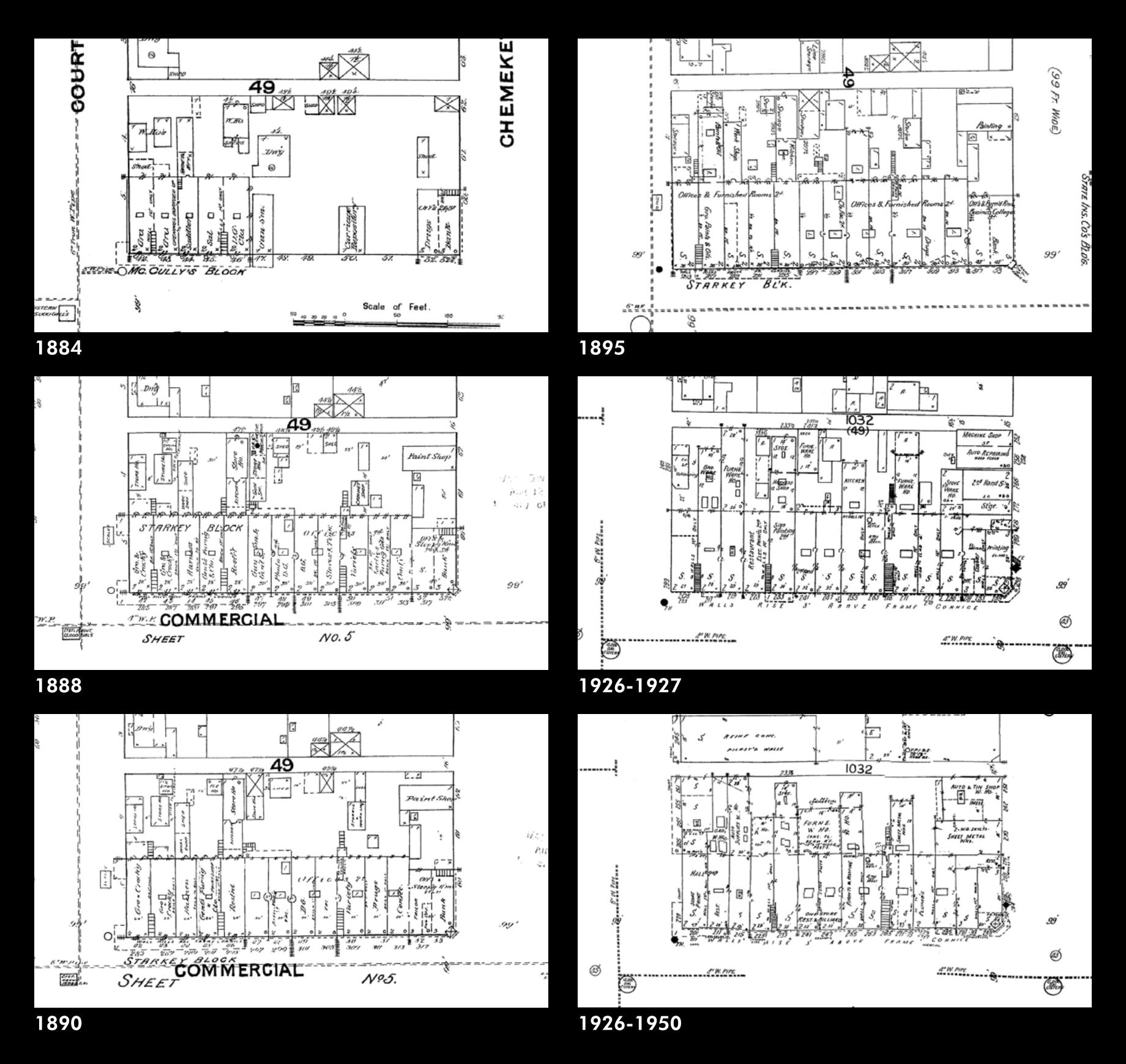
lock are of brick to the first floor and the inspiring words of the convention e joists are laid on top. Space for ed and a large amount of the goods

supposed to have started stood a theory as to the cause of the fire. ow of barrels containing different oils | The books and other papers of Messrs and varnish and it was through the Gilbert, Patterson & Co. were in the allant efforts of the hosemen that the brick vault in the rear store room and

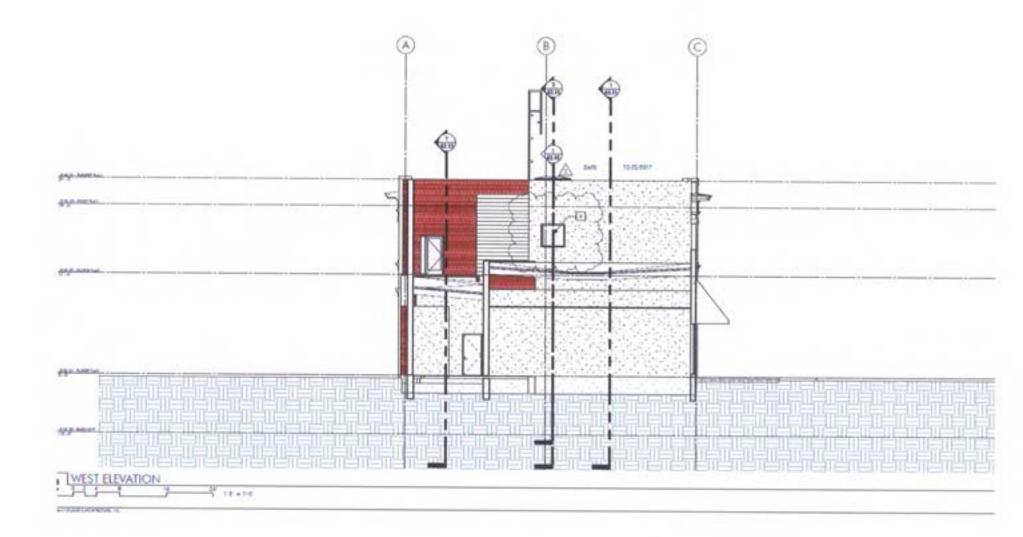
ctly over this inflammable ma- head.... Word came to the reporter that ater portion of the large stock of tired evidently of worldly things re ds owned by Gilbert, Patterson tired to a convent.... Others were hunt ferent sized cans, glass and glazier's their handsome shining black coats, as

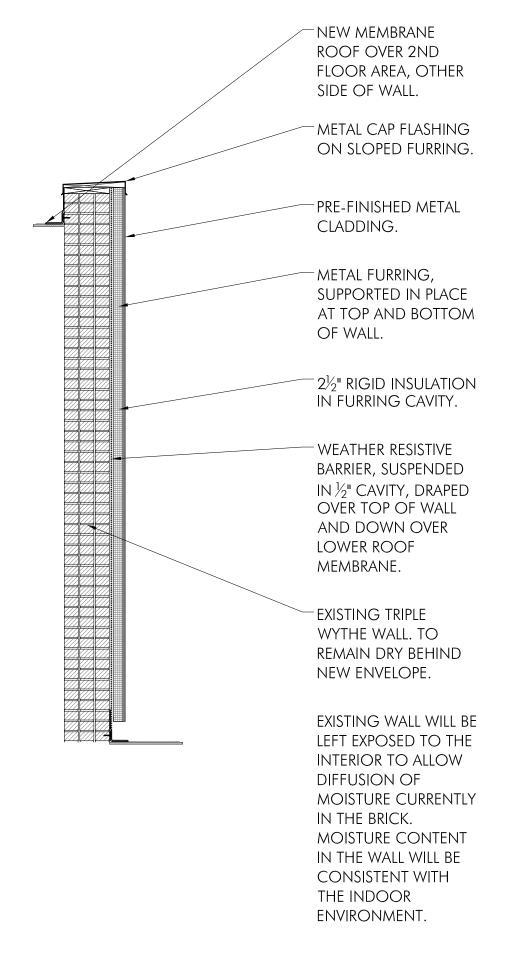
nes is quite badly saturated with ify.... A few were seen still lingerin No water was thrown into this goodbyes were sweet. The balmy but the ceiling was badly dam- breezes waft the following gen So intense was the heat that Mr. Van are to be sure. What a fine look ton's store cat was found suffocated ing delegation that Eastern Orego oms in the second story above the cidentally on a meeting of the exec

Anderson Building, Starkey/McCully Block SALEM, OR: HISTORIC PHOTOGRAPHS



Sanborn Maps: 201 Commercial Street NE Salem OR











STUDIO



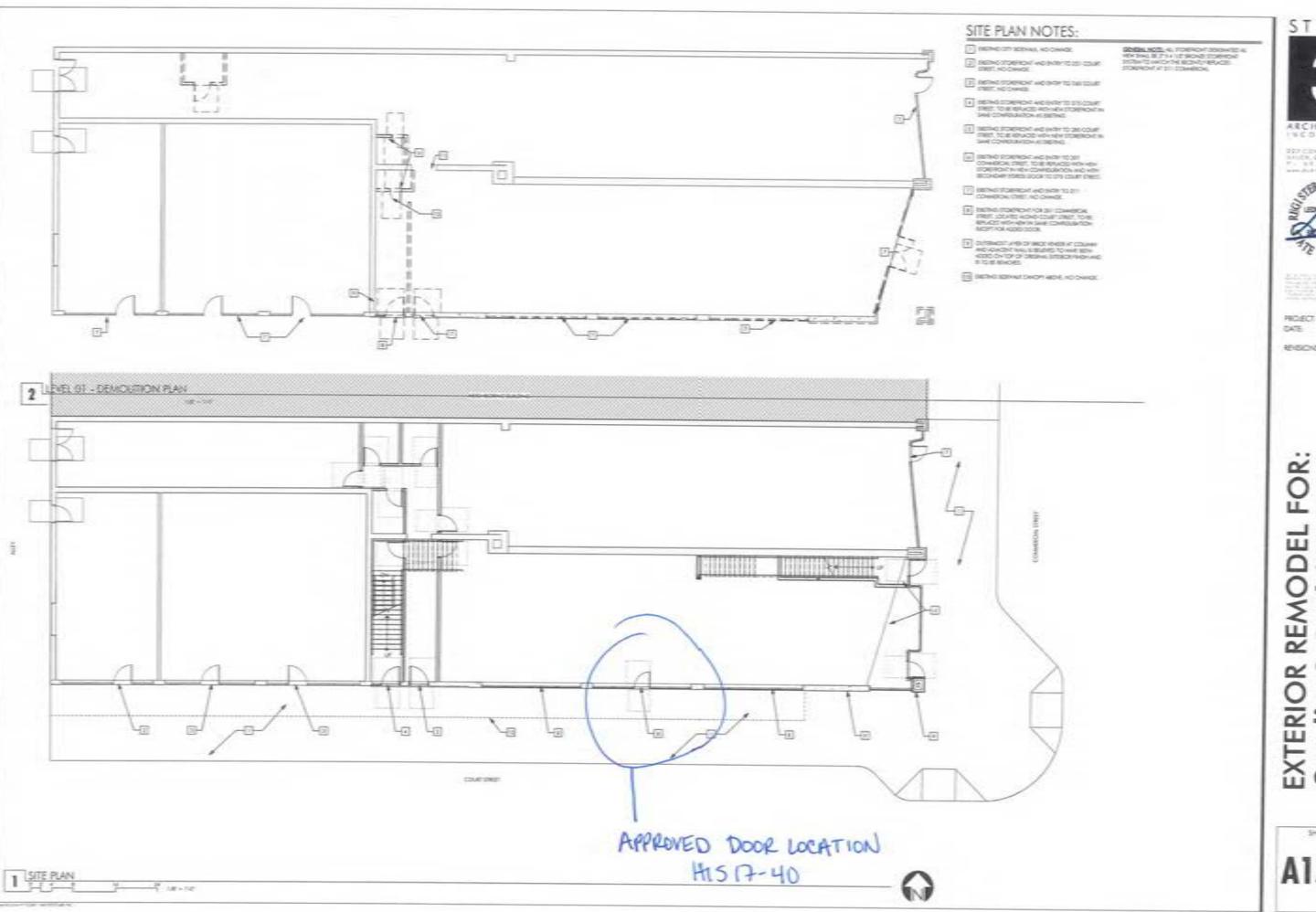
PROJECT# ZDLF-086

#E/5016

REMODEL FOR: Studio 3 Architecture
201 COMMERCIAL STREET NE, SALEM OR 97301

24611

A2.01



STUDIO

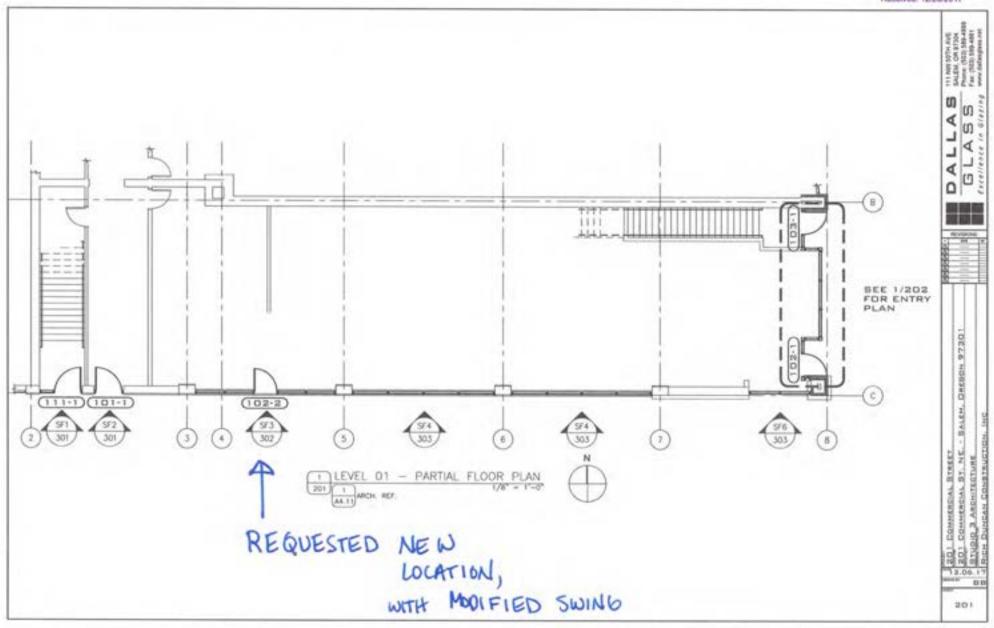


PROJECT # 2017-086 DATE 10/05/2017

Architecture STREET NE, SALEM OR 97301 Studio 3
201 COMMERCIAL S

SHEET

A1.01



From: SEARS Joy * OPRD [mailto:Joy.Sears@oregon.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, February 06, 2018 4:27 PM

To: Kimberli Fitzgerald < KFitzgerald@cityofsalem.net>

Cc: Sally Long <SJLong@cityofsalem.net>

Subject: RE: Request for Comments HIS17-40MOD1

Hello Kimberli,

Thank you for the opportunity to present courtesy comments on this project. The current proposal to cover the historically stucco covered brick masonry on the rear of 211 Commercial with sheet metal is an inappropriate repair that does not meet the Standards. There is a great concern about trapping moisture behind the sheet metal and in the historic masonry wall that will lead to greater problems with deterioration. If there is a moisture problem that is trying to be solved, then the historic stucco should be cleaned and patched with carefully selected stucco material that is compatible to the historic stucco and then either painted with a breathable mineral paint for the best but more expensive suggestion for lower maintenance or regular latex paint for a less expensive but more maintenance intensive treatment.

Sincerely, Joy

Joy Sears Restoration Specialist

Oregon State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) 725 Summer Street NE, Suite C Salem OR 97301

Phone 503-986-0688

Email: <u>Joy.Sears@oregon.gov</u>
Website: <u>www.oregonheritage.org</u>

"it is better to preserve than to restore and better to restore than to reconstruct"

- A. N. Didron 1839